



GENERAL DATA MANAGEMENT GUIDANCE



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GENERAL DATA MANAGEMENT GUIDANCE

1 INTRODUCTION

Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free flow of such data and repealing Regulation (EC) 95/46 (General Data Protection Regulation; "GDPR") and CXII of 2011 on the right to information self-determination and freedom of information. Act ("Infotv."), the organizations described below with public interest data ("Data Controller" or "Organization") provide this information:

The purpose of this information sheet (hereinafter: Information Sheet) is to record

- the National Academic Student Council (later: Council) as a public benefit organization and as the owner and operator of the website online.otdt.hu, and
- for the TDK Public Benefit Foundation (later: Foundation) as a public benefit organization and as the owner of the websites <https://otdk.hu/otdt.hu> and <https://tdkalapitvany.hu/>

was created with the aim of carrying out public benefit activities and managing personal data to support talented university and college students participating in scientific student work. In doing so, it offers them the opportunity to apply and receive scholarships, and in cooperation with the scientific student councils operating in higher education institutions and the organizers of the current National Scientific Student Conference, provides a framework for TDK activities. It keeps in constant contact with the TDK councils of higher education institutions, as well as with the disciplinary professional committees of the National Scientific Student Council, which represents the national interests of the TDK.

1.1 PUBLIC INTEREST DATA OF DATA CONTROLLERS:

DATA OF THE ORGANIZATION (Foundation)

- Name: Public Benefit Foundation for TDK (later: Foundation)
- Registration number: 05-01-64190
- Name of the court registering the organization: Miskolc Court
- Headquarters: 3515 Miskolc-Egyetemváros
- Legal representative: Béla Péntzes

DATA OF THE ORGANIZATION (Council)

- Name: National Scientific Student Council (later: Council)
- Registration number: FNYF/715-3/2021

- Name of the office registering the organization: Office of Education
- Headquarters: 1025 Budapest, Muraközi u. 15.
- Legal representative: Tamás Weiszburg

Contact information of the data protection officer: József Dr. Csaba; info@consilisdata.hu

The Data Controller informs you, as a data subject, that if the Data Controller processes your personal data based on which you are a person identified or identifiable by the Data Controller - regardless of the purpose, legal basis and duration of the personal data processing - you are considered a Data Subject based on the applicable data protection legal provisions, and are entitled to the the rights related to the management and protection of personal data included in the governing data protection legislation, in particular the GDPR and Infotv. (together: the right related to the management of personal data).

The Organization does everything that can be expected in order to ensure that the management of all personal data related to its activities complies with the requirements set out in this Notice and the applicable data protection legislation. The Organization is responsible to the Data Subject (User) for ensuring that the management of his personal data complies with the applicable data protection legislation and the requirements set out in this Information.

Data protection information related to the data management of the Organization is continuously available on the website <https://otdk.hu/otdt> .

The Organization reserves the right to unilaterally change the Information, about which it provides advance information in accordance with the applicable legislation. The amended conditions cover personal data processing after the amendment enters into force.

If you have any questions related to the Guidance, please write to us at the e-mail address info@consilisdata.hu and our colleague will answer your question.

The Organization is committed to the protection of the personal data of the Data Subject (in the case of active activity on the website: User) and considers it of utmost importance to respect the Data Subject's/User's right to self-determination of information. The Organization treats personal data confidentially and takes security, technical and organizational measures to guarantee data security.

Below, the Organization describes its data management principles and presents the expectations it has formulated and adheres to itself - as a Data Controller. Its basic data management principles are in line with the current legislation on data protection, and in particular with the following:

- GDPR;
- Basic Law of Hungary (Freedom and responsibility, Article VI);
- CXII of 2011 on the right to information self-determination and freedom of information. law – (Infotv.);
- CLXXV of 2011. Act on the right of association, the legal status of public benefit, and the operation and support of civil organizations;
- CCIV of 2011. law on higher education;

- Act V of 2013 on the Civil Code – (Ptk.).

2 DEFINITIONS

In terms of concepts not regulated in this Guidance, the provisions of GDPR and Infotv. shall govern.

3 BASIC PRINCIPLES DURING THE ORGANIZATION'S DATA MANAGEMENT

The Data Controller informs the Data Subject that his personal data is handled in accordance with the applicable data protection legislation, as specified in the Information Sheet, and in accordance with the provisions of the Hungarian Data Protection Authority (NAIH), respecting the principles of personal data management and in accordance therewith, so:

- a) fairly and transparently to the Data Subject;
- b) using personal data collected for a clearly defined and legitimate purpose;
- c) by handling appropriate, relevant and necessary data from the point of view of the purpose of personal data management (in accordance with the principle of data saving);
- d) accurately and up-to-date (in accordance with the principle of accuracy);
- e) in accordance with the principle of limited storage;
- f) by applying technical and organizational measures that ensure adequate security of personal data against unauthorized or illegal processing, accidental loss, destruction or damage of personal data (based on the principle of integrity and confidentiality);
- g) default and built-in data protection and in accordance with the principle of accountability.

4 CATEGORIES OF MANAGED PERSONAL DATA, PURPOSES, RIGHTS AND DURATION OF DATA MANAGEMENT

The Organization carries out data management described in this Guidance as follows on the legal bases specified for each type of data management.

The Organization does not transfer personal data to third countries in connection with the data management described in this Information. Automated decision-making or profiling is not carried out in connection with the data management described in this Guidance.

4.1 CONSIDERATION OF INTERESTS

Legal basis for data management: Public interest and Legitimate interest

When establishing the Organization, the legislator was guided by the basic public benefit goal of creating a public benefit organization that supports university research work with its activities, events, and scientific publications, provides space for the wide dissemination of achieved results, and supports the creation of scientific student circles an operation.

In accordance with the above, the data controller operates from public funds, so complete transparency is a basic expectation of it. It carries out its activities in the interest of the public, in accordance with the widest possible information needs. It documents its events by creating written, pictorial and video materials, and in some cases makes them public on various media platforms. In addition, to carry out its activities in the public interest, it operates IT systems in accordance with the goals and tasks determined by the higher education and science policy sector management for the benefit of the students, lecturers, researchers and institutions participating in TDK work, and thus builds and maintains databases. With the help of these activities, it meets the transparency expectations placed on it and supports the efficient and personalized promotion of the organization. Taking all of this into account, it can be concluded that - according to the main rule - personal data is processed on the legal basis of Legitimate Interest.

The Organization prepares interest assessment tests for the various data treatments and makes them available as an appendix to this information.

Data processing carried out on the basis of public and legitimate interest:

1. *Photo and video documentation of events and media communication for promotional purposes.*
2. *Tracking and archiving the data of students who register for the National Scientific Student Circle Conferences.*
3. *Tracking and archiving the data of students participating in the National Scientific Student Circle Conferences.*
4. *Historical archiving purpose.*
5. *Tracking and archiving the data of students participating in the innOotdk program jointly announced by the National Scientific Student Circle Council (OTDT), the Hungarian Innovation Association (MISZ), the John von Neumann Computer Science Society (NJSZT) and the National Innovation Agency (NIÜ).*
6. *Data management related to the work of students participating in the "Spin for TDK!" video competition, tracking and archiving of the data of the participating students.*
7. *Operations performed on personal data collected, published and otherwise processed at institutional TDK conferences.*
8. *Publication of the direct awardees and honorees of the National Scientific Student Council (OTDT) and other operations performed on their personal data.*

The GDPR and Infotv. according to its provisions - if some legitimate interest makes this possible - it is possible to process data without consent, provided that the Organization fulfills its obligation to provide information. When examining the legal basis of data management, points a)-f) of Article 6 (1) of the Regulation are the governing.

According to Article 6 (1) e) of the Regulation, data processing is necessary for the performance of a task carried out in the public interest or in the exercise of official authority vested in the controller.

If the legal basis is Article 6 (1) point f) of the Regulation, the data management process will be legal if and to the extent that the data management is necessary to enforce the legitimate interests of the Organization or a third party, unless these interests take precedence over those

of the Data Subject interests or fundamental rights and freedoms that require the protection of personal data.

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In order to examine the legality of data management, the Data Protection Officer of the Organization carries out an interest assessment test, during which he examines the necessity of the purpose of data management and the proportional limitation of the rights and freedoms of the Data Subjects, as well as properly supporting.

During the interest weighing test, the Organization identifies its legitimate interest in data management, as well as the stakeholder interest and the fundamental right concerned, which is the counterpoint of the weighting. The condition for weighting conflicting rights and interests is always examined by the Organization regarding the specific circumstances of the given case.

During the assessment, the Organization considers, in particular, the nature and sensitive nature of the data being handled or to be handled, the level of publicity, the seriousness of any violation, etc.

As part of the balance of interests' test, the Organization also carries out an examination of necessity and proportionality, according to which the exceptions to the protection of personal data and the limitation of protection must remain within the limits of what is absolutely necessary. The nature and quantity of the data that can be handled may not exceed the extent necessary for the enforcement of legitimate interests. The examination of proportionality includes an assessment of the relationship between the objectives and the chosen means. The chosen tools must not exceed the level of necessity; however, the tools must also be suitable for achieving the specified goal.

Based on the weighting, the Data Protection Officer of the Organization determines whether the personal data can be processed.

The data subjects will be informed about the results of the test, which will clearly show based on which legitimate interest and why the fact that the Organization handles personal data without the Data Subject's consent can be considered a proportional restriction, so why the Organization's legitimate interest in data processing outweighs the interests of the Data Subject, and rights. The Data Protection Officer of the Organization informs those concerned about the data protection guarantees applied in view of the lack of consent, as well as the possibilities of protesting against data processing.

Duration of data management: the general statute of limitations (5 years), but in the case of archiving it for historical purposes, it may be longer (sometimes different).

4.2 DATA PROCESSING BASED ON THE CONTRIBUTION OF THE PARTICIPANT

Legal basis for data management: Consent of the data subject

As explained under 4.1, during the Organization's duties, according to the main rule, the processing of personal data is handled on the legal basis of Legitimate Interest. If the Organization wishes to carry out data management based on consent, the Data Subject's consent to the processing of his personal data shall be primarily obtained in writing. Consent -

apart from consent to the processing of special data - is not bound by formality, it can be given with an express statement and suggestive behavior, but consent can be proven in all cases.

Consent covers all data processing activities carried out for the same purpose or purposes. If the data management serves several purposes at the same time, we ask for consent separately for each data management purpose.

If the Data Subject gives his/her consent in the context of a written statement that also applies to other matters, we ask that the request for consent be clearly distinguishable from these other matters, in an understandable and easily accessible form, with clear and simple language. Any part of such a statement containing the Data Subject's consent that violates the Regulation is not binding.

If the personal data was recorded with the Data Subject's consent, the Data Controller may - unless otherwise provided by law - process the recorded data for the purpose of fulfilling the relevant legal obligation without further separate consent, and also after the Data Subject's consent has been revoked.

Duration of data management: the general statute of limitations (5 years), but in the case of archiving for historical purposes, it may be longer (sometimes different).

4.3 DATA MANAGEMENT BASED ON THE FULFILLMENT OF LEGAL OBLIGATIONS

Legal basis for data management: Fulfillment of legal obligation

In the case of data management based on a legal obligation, the scope of data that can be handled, the purpose of data management, the duration of data storage, and the recipients are governed by the provisions of the underlying legislation. Data management based on the legal title of fulfilling a legal obligation is independent of the Data Subject's consent, as data management is defined by law.

In this case, before data processing begins, we inform the Data Subject that data processing is mandatory, and before data processing begins, we inform the Data Subject clearly and in detail about all the facts related to the processing of his data, in particular: the purpose and legal basis of data processing, the person authorized for data management and data processing, on the duration of data management, on whether the personal data of the Data Subject is managed by the data controller based on the relevant legal obligation, and on who can see the data.

Duration of data management: the general statute of limitations (5 years), but in the case of archiving for historical purposes, it may be longer (sometimes different).

4.4 CONTRACTUAL CUSTOMER RELATIONSHIP MANAGEMENT AND INVOICING

Legal basis for data management: Fulfillment of contract



The purpose of data management is to provide the Organization's services in accordance with the contract (including communication with customers in order to fulfill the contract, informing Users about the Service, its essential conditions, as well as other facts and circumstances related to the performance of the Organization's public interest tasks), as well as the issuing and verification of invoices related to its activities.

This data management is considered lawful even if the data management is necessary to take steps at the request of the Data Subject prior to the conclusion of the contract.

Recipients of personal data: employees performing tasks related to the management of contracts and procurement, employees performing accounting and taxation tasks, employees in the area responsible for recording contracts, cost managers and data processors registered in the Organization's internal data protection register.

Duration of data management: for 5 years from the termination of the contract (until the civil law statute of limitations) based on the legitimate interest of the Organization related to the need for legal enforcement, in the case of accounting certificates, for 8 years after the acceptance of the annual report on the year of issue of the accounting certificate.

4.5 WEBSITE

The purpose of data management is: interactive use of the content available on the Organization's website for the Service available on web and mobile devices, informing Users about the Organization's services, their essential conditions, as well as other facts and circumstances related to the performance of the Organization's public interest tasks.

Legal basis for data management: public interest/legal interest related to the performance of a public duty.

- Scope of managed data:
 - identification data of users and other stakeholders (surname and surname, surname and surname at birth, place and time of birth, mother's surname and surname at birth);
 - citizenship,
 - residential address (ID number of residential address card),
 - identification number of personal identification document,
 - or a unique identification number generated by the Organization,
 - encrypted password,
 - e-mail address,
 - IP addresses, cookies.

Duration of data management: the general statute of limitations (5 years), but in the case of archiving for historical purposes, it may be longer (sometimes different).

4.6 OTHER DATA MANAGEMENT

We provide information on data management not listed in this Guidance when the data is collected.

We inform our Users that the court, the prosecutor, the investigative authority, the infringement authority, the administrative authority, the NAIH, or other bodies based on the authorization of the law, may contact the Organization to provide information, communicate and transfer data, or make documents available.

The Organization will only release personal data to the authorities - if the authority has specified the exact purpose and the scope of the data - to the extent and to the extent that is necessary to achieve the purpose of the request.

5 METHOD OF STORING PERSONAL DATA SECURITY OF DATA MANAGEMENT

Data storage locations:

the headquarters of the Organization (National Science Student Council: 1025 Budapest, Muraközi u. 15.), as well as the Public Benefit Foundation for TDK (3515 Miskolc-Egyetemváros)

For the management of personal data, the Organization selects and operates the IT tools used in the provision of the Service in such a way that the managed data:

- a) accessible to those authorized to do so (availability),
- b) its authenticity and authentication are ensured (authenticity of data management),
- c) its immutability can be verified (data integrity),
- d) be protected against unauthorized access (data confidentiality).

The organization protects the data with appropriate measures, especially against unauthorized access, alteration, transmission, disclosure, deletion or destruction, as well as against accidental destruction, damage, and inaccessibility resulting from changes in the technology used.

In order to protect the data files managed electronically in its various registers, the organization ensures with an appropriate technical solution that the stored data cannot be directly linked and assigned to the data subject, unless permitted by law.

In view of the ever-changing development of technology, the organization ensures the protection of the security of data management with technical, organizational and controlling measures that provide a level of protection corresponding to the risks associated with data management.

During data management, regarding personal data the organization preserves

- a) confidentiality: protect the information so that only those who are authorized to do so can access it,
- b) integrity: protects the accuracy and completeness of the information and the method of processing,
- c) availability: it ensures that when the authorized user needs it, he can really access the desired information and that the related tools are available.

The IT system and network of the Organization and its cooperating partners are protected against computer-supported fraud, espionage, sabotage, vandalism, fire and flood, as well as computer viruses, computer intrusions and denial-of-service attacks. The operator ensures security with server-level and application-level protection procedures.

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Users are informed that electronic messages transmitted on the Internet, regardless of the protocol (e-mail, web, ftp, etc.), are vulnerable to network threats that lead to unfair activity, contract disputes, or the disclosure or modification of information. To protect against such threats, the Organization takes all the necessary precautions, within the framework of which it monitors the systems in order to be able to record all security deviations and provide evidence in the event of any security incident. In addition, system monitoring also makes it possible to check the effectiveness of the precautions used.

The Organization supplies all new objects in the databases with a reference to the User's person. All changes are logged (with time stamp, user ID and changed data).

The Organization does not forward personal data to persons not named here for purposes other than those described in this Information Sheet, it only provides anonymous data for statistical purposes and to optimally use, develop and make the Service more efficient.

6 RIGHTS AND REMEDIES AFFECTED BY PERSONAL DATA PROCESSING OF THE DATA SUBJECT

The Data Controller informs you that you as a Data Subject have the following rights in connection with the management/protection of your personal data by the Data Controller, and if your personal data is managed by the Data Controller, in connection with the processing of your personal data by the Data Controller, you:

- You can request access to your personal data, requesting information from the Data Controller about the personal data managed by the Data Controller. The provision of information and a copy of the processed data is free of charge (Right of access to personal data),
- You may request the correction/supplement of your personal data without undue delay, if the personal data concerning you is handled inaccurately/incompletely by the Data Controller (Right to Rectification),
- You can request the deletion of your personal data in its entirety or for certain personal data managed by the Data Controller (Right to Deletion). Based on this right, you are entitled to have the Data Controller irretrievably and permanently delete/anonymize your personal data (and destroy the documents containing the Personal Data Affected by the deletion) for which
 - You have the right to object to the processing of your personal data at any time for reasons related to your own situation, if the legitimate interest of the data controller is the legal basis for processing them. If you have legally objected to the processing of your personal data, and there is no overriding reason for further personal data processing by the Data Controller, then your personal data may no longer be processed for this purpose,
 - according to your opinion, your personal data is being processed illegally, or

- the data management purpose for which the Data Controller collected or managed your personal data has already ceased, and there is no other legal basis for the Data Controller to process your personal data, and the personal data has not yet been deleted, or
- if the processing of your personal data is based on your consent given to the Data Controller, and you have withdrawn this consent to the Data Controller in accordance with the provisions of this Data Management Information (and there is no other legal basis for the Data Controller to process personal data).
- you can request the restriction of the processing of your personal data by indicating the personal data areas you wish to restrict (Right to restriction of data processing). Based on this right, you are entitled to have the Data Controller restrict the processing of your personal data if you dispute their accuracy or if, in your opinion, the data processing is unlawful, but at the same time you oppose the deletion of the personal data, or if the Organization as Data Controller does not need the personal data processing purpose, but you require them to present, enforce or defend legal claims,
- You can request that the Data Controller explain which recipients have been informed about the correction, deletion or restriction of data management,
- In case of legal basis for the processing of your personal data by the Data Controller is your consent, you can withdraw your consent to data processing at any time ("Right to withdraw consent"). Even after the withdrawal of your consent, the Data Controller may process your personal data for the purpose of fulfilling its legal obligations or enforcing its legitimate interests, if the enforcement of the interest is proportional to the restriction of the right to protect personal data,
- You are entitled to receive the personal data you have provided to the Data Controller in a segmented, widely used, machine-readable format. You are also entitled to request the Data Controller to transfer this data to another data controller (if the data processing by the Data Controller is based on your consent or a contract concluded with the Data Controller, in which you are one of the contracting parties and if the given data processing takes place in an automated manner; "Right to data portability "). We would like to inform you that the Data Controller is currently unable to fulfill your request for the transfer of personal data by a third party to the Data Controller (i.e. your request for the inclusion of personal data planned to be brought to the Data Controller), given that the Data Controller does not have such data management process and data management purpose, on the basis of which you would be able to comply with this request and manage your personal data in a purpose-bound manner, so the Data Controller will be able to provide you with the data containing your personal data is currently not entitled to receive the data carrier and to process the personal data contained on it.
- If the Data Controller uses automated decision-making in its individual case, you have the right to object to this decision ("Right to object");
- You have the right to object to the processing of your personal data processed by the Data Controller on the legal basis of legitimate interest, or to the processing of your personal data for reasons related to your own situation in the cases specified in the GDPR ("Right to Object").

Based on Article 11 of the GDPR, the Data Controller informs that if a data management purpose no longer exists on the Data Controller's side, for which the Data Controller is obliged/entitled to process the Data Subject's personal data, the Data Controller will not retain personal data about the Data Subject.

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The Data Controller blocks the Data Subject's personal data instead of deleting it, if the Data Subject requests it, or if, based on the available information, it can be assumed that the deletion would harm the Data Subject's legitimate interests. The personal data locked in this way can only be processed as long as the data management purpose that precluded the deletion of the personal data exists.

Regarding the legality of the processing of your personal data by the Data Controller, the National Data Protection and Freedom of Information Authority (abbreviated: NAIH; registered office: 1055 Budapest, Falk Miksa utca 9-11, postal address: 1363 Budapest, Pf.: 9., website: <https://naih.hu/>, telephone: +36(1) 391-1400, central e-mail address: ugyfelszolgalat@naih.hu) can initiate the procedure or turn to the court ("Right to legal remedy").

We would like to inform you that, based on the relevant legal provisions, the Data Controller employs a Data Protection Officer whose contact information is: Dr. József Csaba info@consilidata.hu or +36 70 3377222.

BALANCE OF INTEREST TESTS

<i>Serial number</i>	OTDT_ÉM-01
<i>Purpose of data processing</i>	Photo and video documentation of events and media communication for promotional purposes.
<i>Legal basis</i>	Legitimate interest / Public interest
<i>Definition of legitimate interest</i>	The legitimate interest of the Data Controller is the effective and personalized promotion of the organization.
<i>Managed data</i>	Face and body image
<i>Affected</i>	Guests attending the event
<i>Proof of legitimate interest</i>	
<p>The legitimate interest of the Data Controller:</p> <p>Organizing events, creating images and videos at these events, and storing them for the Data Controller's marketing activities.</p> <p>Publishing images and videos taken at events on various media platforms for the purpose of effective and personalized promotion of the organization.</p> <p>Act CCIV of 2011 on Higher Education: The National Scientific Student Association Council is a public benefit organization – without public benefit registration. (Later: organization.)</p>	
<i>Temporal limitation of legitimate interest</i>	
The legitimate interest exists beyond the general statutory limitation period if the Data Controller continues to process personal data for historical archiving purposes. The legitimacy of the archiving purpose is reviewed every five years, as stated in the relevant balancing test.	
<i>Objective necessity of data processing</i>	
The Data Controller operates from public funds, may broadcast its events, especially the biennial National Scientific Student Association Conference, or its organizers may broadcast them, and also documents its events and the OTDK by producing photo and video materials, which in some cases may be made public on media platforms. With this, it satisfies the transparency expectations placed on it, and supports the effective and personalized promotion of the organization. The production of photo and video materials cannot be replaced by text communication.	
<i>Timely necessity of data processing</i>	



<p>The images and videos taken at the events may be used exclusively for promotional purposes and may only be stored or published until the Data Subject's – well-founded – objection.</p>
<p><i>Is there an alternative data management option?</i></p>
<p>The most suitable method for effective promotion of the organization and ensuring the expected transparency is to take pictures and videos, which cannot be done without the faces and bodies of the people in the recordings.</p>
<p><i>Positive impact on data subjects' interests</i></p>
<p>It is a positive effect on the interests of the Data Subject that they can also use the high-quality image and video materials produced at the events.</p>
<p><i>Negative impact on the interests of the data subject</i></p>
<p>The image of the Data Subject may appear on social media sites. If there is an image or video recording that you wish to exercise your right to object to its storage and publication, it is possible that the recording has already been seen by that time.</p>
<p><i>Does the data subject belong to a vulnerable, sensitive group (disadvantaged, child, etc.)</i></p>
<p>The scope of Data Subjects generally does not include persons belonging to vulnerable, sensitive groups (for example: children, sick or disabled persons).</p>
<p><i>Data processing method (security measures)</i></p>
<p>The Data Controller stores the materials on IT devices and data storage devices with appropriate access control. In the case of unpublished recordings, access is only permitted to employees and specific members of the organization.</p>
<p><i>Examination of adequate information. How much can the Data Subject rely on the data processing?</i></p>
<p>The publication of images and videos taken at events and their use for promotional purposes is a common and common practice nowadays. The Data Controller has stated the purpose and legal basis of the data processing in the Data Processing Information, which can be found on the Data Controller's website.</p>
<p><i>Does the Data Subject have the opportunity to control or object to data processing?</i></p>
<p>Data Subjects may verify and control the data processing activities by exercising their rights set out in Articles 15-21 and 34 of the GDPR. They may object to the data processing by contacting the Data Controller's data protection officer at info@consilisdata.hu or otdk@otdt.hu. The Data Processing Information contains the options for exercising data subject rights, which all Data Subjects can familiarize themselves with before the event begins.</p>
<p><i>Data security measures</i></p>



The Data Controller has implemented a data management policy to ensure an adequate level of data security.

Restrict of access

Within the Data Controller organization, the data is accessible to the organization's managers and employees, especially the colleague tasked with compiling marketing material.

Result of the balancing of interests

During this balancing of interests, we determined that the interests and fundamental rights of the Data Subjects are not a stronger interest than the interests of the Data Controller, the operation of processes related to public interest activities, and ensuring transparency.

BALANCE OF INTEREST TESTS

<i>Serial number</i>	OTDT_ÉM-02
<i>Purpose of data processing</i>	Tracking and archiving the data of students who register for the National Scientific Student Association Conferences
<i>Legal basis</i>	Legitimate interest / Public interest
<i>Definition of legitimate interest</i>	The Data Controller's legitimate interest is to ensure the efficient and transparent operation of the organization.
<i>Managed data</i>	Name, date of birth, title and topic of the thesis, data related to student and research activities, contact details (address, telephone number, e-mail address)
<i>Affected</i>	Students applying for the OTDK
<i>Proof of legitimate interest</i>	
<p>Legitimate interest of the Data Controller:</p> <p>The OTDK is a national presentation and evaluation forum for the most outstanding scientific and artistic achievements of university and college students achieved each year and already qualified at institutional conferences.</p> <p>Its aim is to encourage student scientific and artistic student club activities, support talented students and their masters. Provide assistance in advancing research work and starting a career and encourage applications for doctoral training.</p> <p>The processing of personal data is essential for the evaluation of the projects, their subsequent accessibility, and their public presentation.</p> <p>Act CCIV of 2011 on Higher Education: The National Scientific Student Club Council – without public benefit registration – is a public benefit organization. (Later: organization.)</p>	
<i>Temporal limitation of legitimate interest</i>	
The legitimate interest exists beyond the general statutory limitation period if the Data Controller continues to process personal data for historical archiving purposes. The legitimacy of the archiving purpose is reviewed every five years, as stated in the relevant balancing test.	
<i>Objective necessity of data processing</i>	
The Data Controller manages public funds, documents and records its tenders, competitions and other public events, and makes them available for public use. This enables it to meet the	

<p>transparency requirements imposed on it and supports the widespread availability of Hungarian scientific results. The evaluation and public availability of authors and their works cannot be ensured in any other way.</p>
<p><i>Timely necessity of data processing</i></p>
<p>The personal data of the authors and supervisors of the studies submitted to the OTDK, the fact of entry, and the studies may be used for information purposes in the public interest and may be stored or published only until the Data Subject objects – with justification.</p>
<p><i>Is there an alternative data management option?</i></p>
<p>The most suitable method for ensuring the efficient operation of the organization and the expected transparency is the fact of entry, the storage, archiving and making available of the data of the projects and authors - in accordance with data security requirements.</p>
<p><i>Positive impact on data subjects' interests</i></p>
<p>It is a positive effect on the interests of the Data Subject that publicly available documentation can be used by them to prove their nomination, authorship, and effectiveness.</p>
<p><i>Negative impact on the interests of the affected party</i></p>
<p>The Data Subject's intellectual property and personal data will become publicly available and may appear on social media sites. If there is an element of the entry, the application, that you wish to exercise your right to object to its storage and disclosure, it is possible that in the time that has passed, you have already become aware of the data generated in connection with the application.</p>
<p><i>Does the person concerned belong to a vulnerable, sensitive group (disadvantaged, child, etc.)</i></p>
<p>The scope of Data Subjects generally does not include persons belonging to vulnerable, sensitive groups (for example: children, sick or disabled persons).</p>
<p><i>Data processing method (security measures)</i></p>
<p>The Data Controller stores the data on IT devices and data storage devices with appropriate access control. In the case of unpublished application data, access is only permitted to employees and specific members of the organization, as well as OTDK organizers, reviewers and jury members.</p>
<p><i>Examination of adequate information. How much can the Data Subject rely on the data processing?</i></p>
<p>The publication of application data related to OTDK events and their use for archiving purposes is a common and common practice nowadays. The Data Controller has stated the purpose and legal basis of the data processing in the Data Processing Information, which can be found on the organization's website.</p>



<i>Does the Data Subject have the opportunity to control or object to data processing?</i>
Data Subjects may verify and control the data processing activities by exercising their rights set out in Articles 15-21 and 34 of the GDPR. They may object to the data processing by contacting the Data Controller's data protection officer at info@consilisdata.hu or otdk@otdt.hu . The Data Processing Information contains the options for exercising data subject rights, which all Data Subjects can familiarize themselves with before the event begins.
<i>Data security measures</i>
The Data Controller has implemented a data management policy to ensure an adequate level of data security.
<i>Restrict of access</i>
Within the Data Controller organization, the data is accessible to the organization's managers and employees, especially the colleague tasked with compiling marketing material.
<i>Result of the balancing of interests</i>
During this balancing of interests, we determined that the interests and fundamental rights of the Data Subjects are not a stronger interest than the interests of the Data Controller, the operation of processes related to public interest activities, and ensuring transparency.

BALANCE OF INTEREST TESTS

<i>Serial number</i>	OTDT_ÉM-03
<i>Purpose of data processing</i>	Tracking and archiving the data of students participating in the National Scientific Student Association Conferences
<i>Legal basis</i>	Legitimate interest / Public interest
<i>Definition of legitimate interest</i>	The Data Controller's legitimate interest is to ensure the efficient and transparent operation of the organization.
<i>Managed data</i>	Name, birth data, title of the thesis, topic area, data related to student and research activities, contact data (address, telephone number, e-mail address, institutions/secondary school visited), authorship data (order of authors, authorship ratio, if relevant), name, workplace and contact data of the supervisors, name, workplace and contact data of reviewers, name, workplace and contact data of OTDK organizers, in the case of all users of the OTDT online system that ensures the implementation of OTDKs: name, birth name (surname and first name), date of birth, place of birth, mother's maiden name, gender, citizenship, health data necessary for the implementation of OTDKs and participation in the conference.
<i>Affected</i>	Students applying for the OTDK
<i>Proof of legitimate interest</i>	<p>Legitimate interest of the Data Controller:</p> <p>The OTDK is a national presentation and evaluation forum for the most outstanding scientific and artistic achievements of university and college students achieved each year and already qualified at institutional conferences.</p> <p>Its aim is to encourage student scientific and artistic student club activities, support talented students and their masters. Provide assistance in advancing research work and starting a career and encourage applications for doctoral training.</p> <p>The processing of personal data is essential for the evaluation of the projects, their subsequent accessibility, and their public presentation.</p>



Act CCIV of 2011 on Higher Education: The National Scientific Student Club Council – without public benefit registration – is a public benefit organization. (Later: organization.)
<i>Temporal limitation of legitimate interest</i>
The legitimate interest exists beyond the general statutory limitation period if the Data Controller continues to process personal data for historical archiving purposes. The legitimacy of the archiving purpose is reviewed every five years, as stated in the relevant balancing test.
<i>Objective necessity of data processing</i>
The Data Controller manages public funds, documents and records its tenders, competitions and other public events, and makes them available for public use. This enables it to meet the transparency requirements imposed on it and supports the widespread availability of Hungarian scientific results. The evaluation and public availability of authors and their works cannot be ensured in any other way.
<i>Timely necessity of data processing</i>
The personal data of the authors and supervisors of the studies submitted to the OTDK, the fact of entry, and the studies may be used for information purposes in the public interest and may be stored or published only until the Data Subject objects – with justification.
<i>Is there an alternative data management option?</i>
The most suitable method for ensuring the efficient operation of the organization and the expected transparency is the fact of entry, the storage, archiving and making available of the data of the projects and authors - in accordance with data security requirements.
<i>Positive impact on data subjects' interests</i>
It is a positive effect on the interests of the Data Subject that publicly available documentation can be used by them to prove their nomination, authorship, and effectiveness.
<i>Negative impact on the interests of the affected party</i>
The Data Subject's intellectual property and personal data will become publicly available and may appear on social media sites. If there is an element of the entry, the application, that you wish to exercise your right to object to its storage and disclosure, it is possible that in the time that has passed, you have already become aware of the data generated in connection with the application.
<i>Does the person concerned belong to a vulnerable, sensitive group (disadvantaged, child, etc.)</i>
The scope of Data Subjects generally does not include persons belonging to vulnerable, sensitive groups (for example: children, sick or disabled persons).
<i>Data processing method (security measures)</i>



The Data Controller stores the data on IT devices and data storage devices with appropriate access control. In the case of unpublished application data, access is only permitted to employees and specific members of the organization, as well as OTDK organizers, reviewers and jury members.

Examination of adequate information. How much can the Data Subject rely on the data processing?

The publication of application data related to OTDK events and their use for archiving purposes is a common and common practice nowadays. The Data Controller has stated the purpose and legal basis of the data processing in the Data Processing Information, which can be found on the organization's website.

<i>Does the Data Subject have the opportunity to control or object to data processing?</i>
Data Subjects may verify and control the data processing activities by exercising their rights set out in Articles 15-21 and 34 of the GDPR. They may object to the data processing by contacting the Data Controller's data protection officer at info@consilisdata.hu or otdk@otdt.hu . The Data Processing Information contains the options for exercising data subject rights, which all Data Subjects can familiarize themselves with before the event begins.
<i>Data security measures</i>
The Data Controller has implemented a data management policy to ensure an adequate level of data security.
<i>Restrict of access</i>
Within the Data Controller organization, the data is accessible to the organization's managers and employees, especially the colleague tasked with compiling marketing material.
<i>Result of the balancing of interests</i>
During this balancing of interests, we determined that the interests and fundamental rights of the Data Subjects are not a stronger interest than the interests of the Data Controller, the operation of processes related to public interest activities, and ensuring transparency.

BALANCE OF INTEREST TESTS

<i>Serial number</i>	OTDT_ÉM-04
<i>Purpose of data processing</i>	Historical archiving purpose
<i>Legal basis</i>	Legitimate interest / Public interest
<i>Definition of legitimate interest</i>	The Data Controller's legitimate interest is to ensure the efficient and transparent operation of the organization.
<i>Managed data</i>	Name, date of birth, title and topic of the thesis, data related to student and research activities, contact details (address, telephone number, e-mail address)
<i>Affected</i>	Stakeholders who submit essays and other intellectual works to scientific events and who contribute to the creation of the works
<i>Proof of legitimate interest</i>	
<p>Legitimate interest of the Data Controller:</p> <p>The OTDK (and other events announced by the Organization) is a national presentation and evaluation forum for the most outstanding scientific and artistic achievements of university and college students achieved in a given year and already qualified at institutional conferences.</p> <p>Its aim is to encourage student scientific and artistic student club activities, support talented students and their masters. Provide assistance in advancing in research work and starting a career and encourage applications for doctoral training.</p> <p>The processing of personal data is essential for the evaluation of dissertations, their subsequent accessibility, and their public presentation.</p> <p>Archiving is essential if we want to enforce public interest goals that require the preservation of scientific achievements for posterity. The personal data of authors and other contributors must be preserved so that they can be identified later in connection with their scientific achievements.</p> <p>Act CCIV of 2011 on Higher Education: The National Scientific Student Council is a public benefit organization – without being registered as a public benefit organization. (Later: organization.)</p>	
<i>Temporal limitation of legitimate interest</i>	
The legitimate interest exists beyond the general statutory limitation period if the Data Controller continues to process personal data for historical archiving purposes. The legitimacy of the archiving purpose is reviewed every five years, as stated in the relevant balancing test.	



<i>Objective necessity of data processing</i>
The Data Controller manages public funds, documents and records its tenders, competitions and other public events, and makes them available for public use. This enables it to meet the transparency requirements imposed on it and supports the widespread availability of Hungarian scientific results. The evaluation and public availability of authors and their works cannot be ensured in any other way.
<i>Timely necessity of data processing</i>
The personal data of the authors and supervisors of the studies submitted to the OTDK, the fact of entry, and the studies may be used for information purposes in the public interest and may be stored or published only until the Data Subject objects – with justification.
<i>Is there an alternative data management option?</i>
The most suitable method for ensuring the efficient operation of the organization and the expected transparency is the fact of entry, the storage, archiving and making available of the data of the projects and authors - in accordance with data security requirements.
<i>Positive impact on data subjects' interests</i>
It is a positive effect on the interests of the Data Subject that publicly available documentation can be used by them to prove their nomination, authorship, and effectiveness.
<i>Negative impact on the interests of the affected party</i>
The Data Subject's intellectual property and personal data will become publicly available and may appear on social media sites. If there is an element of the entry, the application, that you wish to exercise your right to object to its storage and disclosure, it is possible that in the time that has passed, you have already become aware of the data generated in connection with the application.
<i>Does the person concerned belong to a vulnerable, sensitive group (disadvantaged, child, etc.)</i>
The scope of Data Subjects generally does not include persons belonging to vulnerable, sensitive groups (for example: children, sick or disabled persons).
<i>Data processing method (security measures)</i>
The Data Controller stores the data on IT devices and data storage devices with appropriate access control. In the case of unpublished application data, access is only permitted to employees and specific members of the organization, as well as OTDK organizers, reviewers and jury members.
<i>Temporal limitation of legitimate interest</i>
The legitimate interest exists beyond the general statutory limitation period if the Data Controller continues to process personal data for historical archiving purposes. The legitimacy of the archiving purpose is reviewed every five years, as stated in the relevant balancing test.

<i>Objective necessity of data processing</i>
The Data Controller manages public funds, documents and records its tenders, competitions and other public events, and makes them available for public use. This enables it to meet the transparency requirements imposed on it and supports the widespread availability of Hungarian scientific results. The evaluation and public availability of authors and their works cannot be ensured in any other way.
<i>Data security measures</i>
The Data Controller has implemented a data management policy to ensure an adequate level of data security.
<i>Restrict of access</i>
Within the Data Controller organization, the data is accessible to the organization's managers and employees, especially the colleague tasked with compiling marketing material.
<i>Result of the balancing of interests</i>
During this balancing of interests, we determined that the interests and fundamental rights of the Data Subjects are not a stronger interest than the interests of the Data Controller, the operation of processes related to public interest activities, and ensuring transparency.

BALANCE OF INTEREST TESTS

<i>Serial number</i>	OTDT_ÉM-05
<i>Purpose of data processing</i>	Tracking and archiving the data of students participating in the innOOtdk program, jointly announced by the National Council of Scientific Students (OTDT), the Hungarian Innovation Association (MISZ), the John von Neumann Computer Science Society (NJSZT) and the National Innovation Agency (NIÜ).
<i>Legal basis</i>	Legitimate interest / Public interest
<i>Definition of legitimate interest</i>	The Data Controller's legitimate interest is to ensure the efficient and transparent operation of the organization.
<i>Managed data</i>	Name, date of birth, title and topic of the thesis, data related to student and research activities, contact details (address, telephone number, e-mail address)
<i>Affected</i>	Students applying for the <i>innOOtdk</i>
<i>Proof of legitimate interest</i>	<p>Legitimate interest of the Data Controller:</p> <p>The innOOtdk is a national presentation and evaluation forum for the most outstanding scientific and artistic achievements of university and college students achieved each year and already qualified at institutional conferences.</p> <p>Its aim is to encourage student scientific and artistic student club activities, support talented students and their masters. Provide assistance in advancing research work and starting a career and encourage applications for doctoral training.</p> <p>The processing of personal data is essential for the evaluation of the projects, their subsequent accessibility, and their public presentation.</p> <p>Act CCIV of 2011 on Higher Education: The National Scientific Student Club Council – without public benefit registration – is a public benefit organization. (Later: organization.)</p>
<i>Temporal limitation of legitimate interest</i>	The legitimate interest exists beyond the general statutory limitation period if the Data Controller continues to process personal data for historical archiving purposes. The legitimacy of the archiving purpose is reviewed every five years, as stated in the relevant balancing test.
<i>Objective necessity of data processing</i>	The Data Controller manages public funds, documents and records its tenders, competitions and other public events, and makes them available for public use. This enables it to meet the transparency requirements imposed on it and supports the widespread availability of Hungarian scientific results. The evaluation and public availability of authors and their works cannot be ensured in any other way.
<i>Timely necessity of data processing</i>	The personal data of the authors and supervisors of the studies submitted to the innOOtdk, the fact of entry, and the studies may be used for information purposes in the public interest and may be stored or published only until the Data Subject objects – with justification.
<i>Is there an alternative data management option?</i>	

<p>The most suitable method for ensuring the efficient operation of the organization and the expected transparency is the fact of entry, the storage, archiving and making available the data of the projects and authors - in accordance with data security requirements.</p>
<p><i>Positive impact on data subjects' interests</i></p>
<p>It has a positive effect on the interests of the Data Subject that publicly available documentation can be used by them to prove their nomination, authorship, and effectiveness.</p>
<p><i>Negative impact on the interests of the affected party</i></p>
<p>The Data Subject's intellectual property and personal data will become publicly available and may appear on social media sites. If there is an element of the entry, the application, that you wish to exercise your right to object to its storage and disclosure, it is possible that in the time that has passed, you have already become aware of the data generated in connection with the application.</p>
<p><i>Does the person concerned belong to a vulnerable, sensitive group (disadvantaged, child, etc.)</i></p>
<p>The scope of Data Subjects generally does not include persons belonging to vulnerable, sensitive groups (for example: children, sick or disabled persons).</p>
<p><i>Data processing method (security measures)</i></p>
<p>The Data Controller stores data on IT devices and data storage devices with appropriate access control. In the case of unpublished application data, access is only permitted to employees and specific members of the organization, as well as innOOtdk organizers, reviewers and jury members.</p>
<p><i>Examination of adequate information. How much can the Data Subject rely on data processing?</i></p>
<p>The publication of application data related to innOOtdk events and their use for archiving purposes is a common and common practice nowadays. The Data Controller has stated the purpose and legal basis of data processing in the Data Processing Information, which can be found on the organization's website.</p>
<p><i>Does the Data Subject have the opportunity to control or object to data processing?</i></p>
<p>Data Subjects may verify and control the data processing activities by exercising their rights set out in Articles 15-21 and 34 of the GDPR. They may object to the data processing by contacting the Data Controller's data protection officer at info@consilisdata.hu or otdk@otdt.hu. The Data Processing Information contains the options for exercising data subject rights, which all Data Subjects can familiarize themselves with before the event begins.</p>
<p><i>Data security measures</i></p>
<p>The Data Controller has implemented a data management policy to ensure an adequate level of data security.</p>
<p><i>Restrict of access</i></p>
<p>Within the Data Controller organization, the data is accessible to the organization's managers and employees, especially the colleague tasked with compiling marketing material.</p>
<p><i>Result of the balancing of interests</i></p>
<p>During this balancing of interests, we determined that the interests and fundamental rights of the Data Subjects are not a stronger interest than the interests of the Data Controller, the operation of processes related to public interest activities, and ensuring transparency.</p>



BALANCE OF INTEREST TESTS

<i>Serial number</i>	OTDT_ÉM-06
<i>Purpose of data processing</i>	Data management related to the work of students participating in the " Shoot filming for TDK!" video competition, tracking and achieving the data of the participating students.
<i>Legal basis</i>	Legitimate interest / Public interest
<i>Definition of legitimate interest</i>	The Data Controller's legitimate interest is to ensure the efficient and transparent operation of the organization.
<i>Managed data</i>	Name, date of birth, title and topic of the thesis, data related to student and research activities, contact details (address, telephone number, e-mail address)
<i>Affected</i>	Students participating in the " Shoot filming for TDK!" competition
<i>Proof of legitimate interest</i>	
<p>Legitimate interest of the Data Controller:</p> <p>"Shoot filming for TDK!" is a game embodying innovative goals, a national presentation and evaluation forum, which is announced by the Organizer for selected students based on their scientific and artistic achievements achieved by the most outstanding university and college students already qualified at institutional conferences, and who have been entered into the National Scientific Student Circle Conference.</p> <p>Its aim is to encourage student scientific and artistic student club activities, support talented students and their masters. Provide assistance in advancing research work and starting a career and encourage applications for doctoral training.</p> <p>The processing of personal data is essential for the evaluation of the projects, their subsequent accessibility, and their public presentation.</p> <p>Act CCIV of 2011 on Higher Education: The National Scientific Student Club Council – without public benefit registration – is a public benefit organization. (Later: organization.)</p>	
<i>Temporal limitation of legitimate interest</i>	

<p>The legitimate interest exists beyond the general statutory limitation period if the Data Controller continues to process personal data for historical archiving purposes. The legitimacy of the archiving purpose is reviewed every five years, as stated in the relevant balancing test.</p>
<p><i>Objective necessity of data processing</i></p>
<p>The Data Controller manages public funds, documents and records its tenders, competitions and other public events, and makes them available for public use. This enables it to meet the transparency requirements imposed on it and supports the widespread availability of Hungarian scientific results. The evaluation and public availability of authors and their works cannot be ensured in any other way.</p>
<p><i>Timely necessity of data processing</i></p>
<p>The relevant personal data of the authors of the video entries submitted to "Shoot filming for TDK!", as well as the uploaded videos and the results achieved, may be used for public information purposes and may be stored or published only until the Data Subject's – well-founded – objection.</p>
<p><i>Is there an alternative data management option?</i></p>
<p>The most suitable method for ensuring the efficient operation of the organization and the expected transparency is the fact of entry, the storage, archiving and making available the data of the projects and authors - in accordance with data security requirements.</p>
<p><i>Positive impact on data subjects' interests</i></p>
<p>It has a positive effect on the interests of the Data Subject that publicly available documentation can be used by them to prove their nomination, authorship, and effectiveness.</p>
<p><i>Negative impact on the interests of the affected party</i></p>
<p>The Data Subject's intellectual property and personal data will become publicly available and may appear on social media sites. If there is an element of the entry, the application, that you wish to exercise your right to object to its storage and disclosure, it is possible that in the time that has passed, you have already become aware of the data generated in connection with the application.</p>
<p><i>Does the person concerned belong to a vulnerable, sensitive group (disadvantaged, child, etc.)</i></p>
<p>The scope of Data Subjects generally does not include persons belonging to vulnerable, sensitive groups (for example: children, sick or disabled persons).</p>
<p><i>Data processing method (security measures)</i></p>
<p>The Data Controller stores data on IT devices and data storage devices with appropriate access control. In the case of unpublished application data, access is only permitted to employees and specific members of the organization, as well as "Shoot filming for TDK!" organizers, reviewers and jury members.</p>
<p><i>Examination for adequate information. How much can the Data Subject rely on data processing?</i></p>



<p>The publication of application data related to "Shoot filming for TDK!" events and their use for archiving purposes is a common and common practice nowadays. The Data Controller has stated the purpose and legal basis of data processing in the Data Processing Information, which can be found on the organization's website.</p>
<p><i>Does the Data Subject have the opportunity to control or object to data processing?</i></p>
<p>Data Subjects may verify and control the data processing activities by exercising their rights set out in Articles 15-21 and 34 of the GDPR. They may object to the data processing by contacting the Data Controller's data protection officer at info@consilisdata.hu or otdk@otdt.hu. The Data Processing Information contains the options for exercising data subject rights, which all Data Subjects can familiarize themselves with before the event begins.</p>
<p><i>Data security measures</i></p>
<p>The Data Controller has implemented a data management policy to ensure an adequate level of data security.</p>
<p><i>Restrict of access</i></p>
<p>Within the Data Controller organization, the data is accessible to the organization's managers and employees, especially the colleague tasked with compiling marketing material.</p>
<p><i>Result of the balancing of interests</i></p>
<p>During this balancing of interests, we determined that the interests and fundamental rights of the Data Subjects are not a stronger interest than the interests of the Data Controller, the operation of processes related to public interest activities, and ensuring transparency.</p>



BALANCE OF INTEREST TESTS

<i>Serial number</i>	OTDT_ÉM-07
<i>Purpose of data processing</i>	Tracking and achieving the data of students participating in the Institutional Scientific Student Association Conferences
<i>Legal basis</i>	Legitimate interest / Public interest
<i>Definition of legitimate interest</i>	The Data Controller's legitimate interest is to ensure the efficient and transparent operation of the organization.
<i>Managed data</i>	Name, date of birth, title and topic of the thesis, data related to student and research activities, contact details (address, telephone number, e-mail address)
<i>Affected</i>	Students applying for the institutional TDK
<i>Proof of legitimate interest</i>	
<p>Legitimate interest of the Data Controller:</p> <p>Institutional TDKs are highly publicized presentation and evaluation forums for the most outstanding university and college students' academic and artistic achievements that have already been qualified in a given year. Participation in institutional TDKs lays the foundation for the OTDK career path.</p> <p>Its aim is to encourage student scientific and artistic student club activities, support talented students and their masters. Provide assistance in advancing research work and starting a career and encourage applications for doctoral training.</p> <p>The processing of personal data is essential for the evaluation of the projects, their subsequent accessibility, and their public presentation.</p> <p>Act CCIV of 2011 on Higher Education: The National Scientific Student Club Council – without public benefit registration – is a public benefit organization. (Later: organization.)</p>	
<i>Temporal limitation of legitimate interest</i>	
The legitimate interest exists beyond the general statutory limitation period if the Data Controller continues to process personal data for historical archiving purposes. The legitimacy of the archiving purpose is reviewed every five years, as stated in the relevant balancing test.	
<i>Objective necessity of data processing</i>	



<p>The Data Controller manages public funds, documents and records its tenders, competitions and other public events, and makes them available for public use. This enables it to meet the transparency requirements imposed on it and supports the widespread availability of Hungarian scientific results. The evaluation and public availability of authors and their works cannot be ensured in any other way.</p>
<p><i>Timely necessity of data processing</i></p>
<p>The personal data of the authors and supervisors of the studies submitted to the TDK, the fact of entry, and the studies may be used for information purposes in the public interest and may be stored or published only until the Data Subject objects – with justification.</p>
<p><i>Is there an alternative data management option?</i></p>
<p>The most suitable method for ensuring the efficient operation of the organization and the expected transparency is the fact of entry, the storage, archiving and making available the data of the projects and authors - in accordance with data security requirements.</p>
<p><i>Positive impact on data subjects' interests</i></p>
<p>It is a positive effect on the interests of the Data Subject that publicly available documentation can be used by them to prove their nomination, authorship, and effectiveness.</p>
<p><i>Negative impact on the interests of the affected party</i></p>
<p>The Data Subject's intellectual property and personal data will become publicly available and may appear on social media sites. If there is an element of the entry, the application, that you wish to exercise your right to object to its storage and disclosure, it is possible that in the time that has passed, you have already become aware of the data generated in connection with the application.</p>
<p><i>Does the person concerned belong to a vulnerable, sensitive group (disadvantaged, child, etc.)</i></p>
<p>The scope of Data Subjects generally does not include persons belonging to vulnerable, sensitive groups (for example: children, sick or disabled persons).</p>
<p><i>Data processing method (security measures)</i></p>
<p>The Data Controller stores data on IT devices and data storage devices with appropriate access control. In the case of unpublished application data, access is only permitted to employees and specific members of the organization, as well as TDK organizers, reviewers and jury members.</p>
<p><i>Examination for adequate information. How much can the Data Subject rely on data processing?</i></p>
<p>The publication of application data related to TDK events and their use for archiving purposes is a common and common practice nowadays. The Data Controller has stated the purpose and legal basis of data processing in the Data Processing Information, which can be found on the organization's website.</p>

<i>Does the Data Subject have the opportunity to control or object to data processing?</i>
Data Subjects may verify and control the data processing activities by exercising their rights set out in Articles 15-21 and 34 of the GDPR. They may object to the data processing by contacting the Data Controller's data protection officer at info@consilisdata.hu or otdk@otdt.hu . The Data Processing Information contains the options for exercising data subject rights, which all Data Subjects can familiarize themselves with before the event begins.
<i>Data security measures</i>
The Data Controller has implemented a data management policy to ensure an adequate level of data security.
<i>Restrict of access</i>
Within the Data Controller organization, the data is accessible to the organization's managers and employees, especially the colleague tasked with compiling marketing material.
<i>Result of the balancing of interests</i>
During this balancing of interests, we determined that the interests and fundamental rights of the Data Subjects are not a stronger interest than the interests of the Data Controller, the operation of processes related to public interest activities, and ensuring transparency.

BALANCE OF INTEREST TESTS

<i>Serial number</i>	OTDT_ÉM-08
<i>Purpose of data processing</i>	Tracking and archiving the data of speakers applying for and participating in the Tamás Roska Scientific Lecture competition
<i>Legal basis</i>	Legitimate interest / Public interest
<i>Definition of legitimate interest</i>	The Data Controller's legitimate interest is to ensure the efficient and transparent operation of the organization.
<i>Managed data</i>	Name, date of birth, contact details (telephone number, email address), data related to doctoral training (status, doctoral school institution, name, date of obtaining the doctoral degree, year of starting doctoral studies, date of successful workshop discussion, name of workplace, job title), data related to research activities (section name, lecture title, resume, video link submitted as part of the application, awards, scientific appearances, publications, language exams).
<i>Affected</i>	Students applying for the <i>Tamás Roska Scientific Lecture competition</i>
<i>Proof of legitimate interest</i>	<p>Legitimate interest of the Data Controller:</p> <p>The task of the National Scientific Student Association Council (OTDT) is to support the continuity of talent development and scientific research activities at various levels of higher education and to present its perspectives.</p> <p>Its aim is to encourage student scientific and artistic student association activities, support talented students and their masters. Provide assistance in advancing research work and starting a career, and encourage applications for doctoral training.</p> <p>The processing of personal data is essential for the evaluation of the Tamás Roska Scientific Lecture applications, their subsequent accessibility, and public presentation.</p> <p>Act CCIV of 2011 on Higher Education: The National Scientific Student Club Council – without public benefit registration – is a public benefit organization. (Later: organization.)</p>
<i>Temporal limitation of legitimate interest</i>	The legitimate interest exists beyond the general statutory limitation period if the Data Controller continues to process personal data for historical archiving purposes. The legitimacy of the archiving purpose is reviewed every five years, as stated in the relevant balancing test.
<i>Objective necessity of data processing</i>	The Data Controller manages public funds, documents and records its tenders, competitions and other public events, and makes them available for public use. This enables it to meet the transparency requirements imposed on it and supports the widespread availability of Hungarian scientific results. The evaluation and public availability of authors and their works cannot be ensured in any other way.
<i>Timely necessity of data processing</i>	

<p>The personal data of the authors of the papers submitted for the Tamás Roska Scientific Lecture competition, their papers and reviews, and the results achieved may be used for public information purposes and may be stored or published only until the Data Subject's – well-founded – objection.</p>
<p><i>Is there an alternative data management option?</i></p>
<p>The most suitable method for ensuring the efficient operation of the organization and the expected transparency is the fact of entry, the storage, archiving and making available the data of the projects and authors - in accordance with data security requirements.</p>
<p><i>Positive impact on data subjects' interests</i></p>
<p>It has a positive effect on the interests of the Data Subject that publicly available documentation can be used by them to prove their nomination, authorship, and effectiveness.</p>
<p><i>Negative impact on the interests of the affected party</i></p>
<p>The Data Subject's intellectual property and personal data will become publicly available and may appear on social media sites. If there is an element of the entry, the application, that you wish to exercise your right to object to its storage and disclosure, it is possible that in the time that has passed, you have already become aware of the data generated in connection with the application.</p>
<p><i>Does the person concerned belong to a vulnerable, sensitive group (disadvantaged, child, etc.)</i></p>
<p>The scope of Data Subjects generally does not include persons belonging to vulnerable, sensitive groups (for example: children, sick or disabled persons).</p>
<p><i>Data processing method (security measures)</i></p>
<p>The Data Controller stores the materials on IT devices and data storage devices with appropriate access control. In the case of unpublished application data, access is only permitted to employees and specific members of the organization, or people invited by the members and bodies of the organization to review, as well as the OTDK organizers.</p>
<p><i>Examination of adequate information. How much can the Data Subject rely on data processing?</i></p>
<p>The publication of OTDT application data and its use for archiving purposes is a common and common practice nowadays. The Data Controller has stated the purpose and legal basis of the data processing in the data processing information, which can be found on the organization's website.</p>
<p><i>Does the Data Subject have the opportunity to control or object to data processing?</i></p>
<p>Data Subjects may verify and control the data processing activities by exercising their rights set out in Articles 15-21 and 34 of the GDPR. They may object to the data processing by contacting the Data Controller's data protection officer at info@consilisdata.hu or otdk@otdt.hu. The Data Processing Information contains the options for exercising data subject rights, which all Data Subjects can familiarize themselves with before the event begins.</p>
<p><i>Data security measures</i></p>
<p>The Data Controller has implemented a data management policy to ensure an adequate level of data security.</p>
<p><i>Restrict of access</i></p>
<p>Within the Data Controller organization, the data is accessible to the organization and its committees, managers, employees, event organizers, and commissioned experts and their assistants involved in the evaluation of the applications.</p>
<p><i>Result of the balancing of interests</i></p>
<p>During this balancing of interests, we determined that the interests and fundamental rights of the Data Subjects are not a stronger interest than the interests of the Data Controller, the operation of processes related to public interest activities, and ensuring transparency.</p>